HEMORRHAGIC STROKE



WHAT IS IT?

- Ruptured vessel that leads to excessive bleeding in the brain
- Less common than ischemic strokes but higher mortality than ischemic strokes





ANATOMY

- Intracerebral stroke rupture of blood vessels within the brain (basal ganglia, cerebellum, brainstem)
- Subarachnoid hemorrhages rupture of blood vessels in subarachnoid space between the brain and the skull

SPECIAL TESTS

- CT primary imaging for initial examination
- MRI secondary follow-up





SPECIAL TESTS

- Aneurysms that have burst
- Ischemic stroke
- Encephalopathy
- Seizures
- Hypoglycemia
- Conversion disorder

CAUSES

• HTN



• Overdose of anticoagulants



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TREATMENT EXAMPLES

- Rehab a lot quicker do to reabsorption of blood
- ICF model body function and structure impairments, activity limitations, participation restrictions
- Focus on: motor learning, task specific training, neuromuscular reeducation, weight bearing, tone management
- High intensity, blocked practice progressive exercises
- Consider their sensation, perception, neglect, Pusher's syndrome, visual field deficits, agnosias, apraxia, spatialrelation disorders, communication - speech vs language (dysarthria, aphasia), cognition - memory, judgment, attention, processing, problem-solving

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